

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2018 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW Duty:
vendor's agent	One Agency Reeves Properties 30 Great Western Highway, Blaxland, NSW 2774	Phone: (02) 4739 0777 Fax: (02) 4739 4801
co-agent		
vendor	Mary Rathimalar Jesuthasan 100 Ross Crescent, Blaxland, NSW 2774	
vendor's solicitor	Jackie Gardner Conveyancing 3/146 Great Western Highway, Blaxland NSW 2774	Phone: 0419 433 813 Fax: (02) 8624 4709 Ref: JG:19227 E:jackiegardner@bigpond.com
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	3 months after the contract date 100 Ross Crescent, Blaxland, New South Wales 2774 Registered Plan: Lot 12 Plan DP 243283 Folio Identifier 12/243283	(clause 15)
improvements	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VACANT POSSESSION <input type="checkbox"/> subject to existing tenancies <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HOUSE <input type="checkbox"/> garage <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> carport <input type="checkbox"/> home unit <input type="checkbox"/> carspace <input type="checkbox"/> storage space <input type="checkbox"/> none <input type="checkbox"/> other:	
attached copies	<input type="checkbox"/> documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: <input type="checkbox"/> other documents:	



A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dishwasher <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> cooktop <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> range hood <input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clothes line <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> insect screens <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> solar panels <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TV antenna <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> curtains <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: ducted air conditioner, water tank, smoke alarm, various pot plants, Free standing wardrobe
exclusions	Fig tree in pot
purchaser	
purchaser's solicitor	
price	\$
deposit	\$ _____ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
balance	\$
contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor

GST AMOUNT (optional)

The price includes
GST of: \$

witness

purchaser ☐ JOINT TENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares

witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3) ☐ NO ☐ yes
Proposed electronic transaction (clause 30) ☐ no ☐ YES

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable ☐ NO ☐ yes
 GST: Taxable supply ☐ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent
 Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply ☐ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- ☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ☒ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *RW payment* ☒ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)
 (residential withholding payment)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice within 14 days of the contract date.

RW payment (residential withholding payment) – further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the vendor is part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *RW payment*: \$

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *RW rate* (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 32 property certificate for strata common property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 33 plan creating strata common property
<input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 34 strata by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided	<input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata development contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	<input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata management statement
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	<input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata renewal proposal
<input type="checkbox"/> 7 section information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal plan
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	<input type="checkbox"/> 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	<input type="checkbox"/> 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
<input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 42 neighbourhood development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	<input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report	<input type="checkbox"/> 44 property certificate for precinct property
<input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 45 plan creating precinct property
<input type="checkbox"/> 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	<input type="checkbox"/> 46 precinct development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 16 other document relevant to tenancies	<input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct management statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 17 licence benefiting the land	<input type="checkbox"/> 48 property certificate for community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 18 old system document	<input type="checkbox"/> 49 plan creating community property
<input type="checkbox"/> 19 Crown purchase statement of account	<input type="checkbox"/> 50 community development contract
<input type="checkbox"/> 20 building management statement	<input type="checkbox"/> 51 community management statement
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 21 form of requisitions	<input type="checkbox"/> 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
<input type="checkbox"/> 22 <i>clearance certificate</i>	<input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
<input type="checkbox"/> 23 land tax certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
Home Building Act 1989	<input type="checkbox"/> 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
<input type="checkbox"/> 24 insurance certificate	<input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1986
<input type="checkbox"/> 25 brochure or warning	<input type="checkbox"/> 57 document relevant to off-the-plan sale
<input type="checkbox"/> 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	Other
Swimming Pools Act 1992	<input type="checkbox"/> 58
<input type="checkbox"/> 27 certificate of compliance	
<input type="checkbox"/> 28 evidence of registration	
<input type="checkbox"/> 29 relevant occupation certificate	
<input type="checkbox"/> 30 certificate of non-compliance	
<input type="checkbox"/> 31 detailed reasons for non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

100 ROSS CRES BLEYSLAND NSW 1510

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
3. There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office	NSW Fair Trading
Council	NSW Public Works Advisory
County Council	Office of Environment and Heritage
Department of Planning and Environment	Owner of adjoining land
Department of Primary Industries	Privacy
East Australian Pipeline Limited	Roads and Maritime Services
Electricity and gas	Subsidence Advisory NSW
Land & Housing Corporation	Telecommunications
Local Land Services	Transport for NSW
NSW Department of Education	Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in *italics* is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>remittance amount</i>	the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation</i> , served by a <i>party</i> ;
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>RW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>RW rate</i>);
<i>RW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 1% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice served by the <i>party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must serve a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must serve the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion –
- 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser serves a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything served by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –

7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;

7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and

7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and

7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –

7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;

7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;

7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);

7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;

7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and

7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –

8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;

8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and

8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition* *within* 14 days after that *service*.

8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –

8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;

8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and

8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession, a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);

9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –

9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or

9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –

9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –

- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
- the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or

9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –

10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;

10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);

10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;

10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.
- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)**
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make an *RW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of an *RW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *RW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *RW payment*.
- 14 Adjustments**
- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, *levies*, and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.
- 15 Date for completion**
- The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion**• Vendor**

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgement fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.
- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
 - *remittance amount* payable;
 - *RW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.

18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.

18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –

19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and

19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –

19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;

19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;

19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and

19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.

20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.

20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.

20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.

20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.

20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –

20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);

20.6.2 served if it is served by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;

20.6.3 served if it is served on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;

20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;

20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;

20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and

20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.

20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –

20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or

20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.

20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.

20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.

20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.

20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.

20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.

20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.

21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.

21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.

21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.

21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.

21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.

22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- **Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 23.9.3;
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme –
- a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give a strata renewal plan to the owners in the scheme for their consideration and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• **Notices, certificates and inspections**

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow for transfer –
- any remaining money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- ## **26 Crown purchase money**
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.
- ## **27 Consent to transfer**
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within* 7 days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind* *within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
- 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
- 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
- 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits *only* that *party*.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind* *within* 7 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind* *within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind* *within* 7 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
 - either *party* *serving* notice of the event happening;
 - every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –
- 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or
 - 30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a *party* *serves* a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.3.1 each *party* must –
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
 incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
 - 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

- 30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
- 30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgement Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
- 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*;
- 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –
- after the *effective date*; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;
- is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by 13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and
- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is served as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to serve it.
- 30.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the *effective date* –
- 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the *date* for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
- 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
- 30.6.1 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
- 30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.6.3 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the *date* for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
- 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 *Normally*, *within 7 days* of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
- 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within 7 days* of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.8.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and
- 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least *2 business days* before the *date* for completion; and
- 30.9.2 the vendor must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with payment details at least *1 business day* before the *date* for completion.
- 30.10 At least *1 business day* before the *date* for completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
- 30.10.2 all certification is required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
- 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the *Electronic Workspace* allows the *parties* to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the computer systems of the *Land Registry* being inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties* –
- 30.13.1 *normally*, the *parties* must choose that financial settlement not occur; however

30.13.2 if both *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial settlement occurs –

- all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgement Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
- the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.

30.14 A party who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must serve the *certificate of title* after completion.

30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the party required to deliver the documents or things –

30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and

30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the party entitled to them.

30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment figures</i>	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
<i>certificate of title</i>	the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;
<i>completion time</i>	the time of day on the date for completion when the <i>electronic transaction</i> is to be settled;
<i>conveyancing rules</i>	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
<i>discharging mortgagee</i>	any discharging mortgagee, charges, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser;
<i>ECNL</i>	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
<i>effective date</i>	the date on which the <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> is agreed to be an <i>electronic transaction</i> under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date;
<i>electronic document</i>	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
<i>electronic transfer</i>	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ;
<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronically tradeable</i>	a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ;
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>mortgagee details</i>	the details which a party to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ENCL</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> .

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if –

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and

- 31.2.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *remittance amount*.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

100 ROSS CRES BLAXLAND NSW 2774

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL CONDITIONS ANNEXED TO CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND

In the event there is any inconsistency with the printed clauses of the standard form or Contract for the Sale of Land - 2016 edition and these additional conditions, the additional conditions will prevail.

Amendments to Printed Clauses

1. The following amendments are to be made to the printed clauses of this Contract:
 - (a) In Clause 7.1.1 the amount of 5% is to be deleted and replaced with 1%.
 - (b) In Clause 9.1 insert to the end thereof the words "and if the deposit is less than 10% of the price recover the difference between 10% of the price and the deposit".
 - (c) In Clause 16.5 delete the words "plus another 20% of that fee".
 - (d) In Clause 16.7 delete the words "...cash (up to \$2,000) or".
 - (e) In Clause 18 insert at the end of 18.1 "the Purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or delay settlement after entering into possession of the property".

Purchaser's acknowledgement

2. The Purchaser acknowledges and warrants that:
 - 2.1 The Purchaser is purchasing the property as a result of the Purchaser's own inspection and in its present condition and state of repair.
 - 2.2 The Purchaser does not rely upon any warranty or representation made to them by, or on behalf of, the Vendor, except as provided for in this Contract, and they rely on their own enquiries in relation to all matters affecting the property whether or not disclosed before entering into this Contract.
 - 2.3 The Purchaser is purchasing the property subject to:
 - (a) All defects, both latent and patent;
 - (b) Any infestations or dilapidation;
 - (c) All existing water, sewerage, drainage, plumbing services, utility services and any other installations or services in respect of the property;
 - (d) Any non-compliance with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* and the Regulations prescribed under that Act in regards to access to the swimming pool and the erection of a warning notice;
 - (e) Any non-compliance with the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*.

The Purchaser agrees not to make any requisition, objection or claim for compensation, rescind, terminate or delay settlement arising out of the matters referred to in this special condition.

Agent

3. The Purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the property or to the Vendor by any other Licensed Real Estate Agent or any other person entitled to claim commission, except for the parties revealed as the Vendor's agent nominated in this Contract. The Purchasers will indemnify the Vendor against any claim for commission by any other Real Estate Agent or any other person, with regard to any commission claimed in breach of their warranty herein together with all costs as may be incurred by the Vendor in defending or settling any such claim. This clause shall not merge upon completion.

Death, Bankruptcy etc

4. Without in any way negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this special condition not been included, it is agreed that if either party, prior to completion:
 - 4.1 Die, be declared bankrupt or incapable at law because of mental illness, then either party may rescind the Contract by notice in writing forwarded to the Solicitor named as the Vendor's and Purchaser's Solicitor in this Contract, and the written Contract shall be at an end and the provisions of Clause 19 shall apply;
 - 4.2 Being a company, be declared bankrupt, resolves to go into liquidation, has a petition for its winding up presented or enters into any scheme of arrangement for creditors under the provisions of the Corporations Law, or if any liquidator, provisional liquidator, receiver or voluntary administrator is appointed, then such party shall be deemed to be in default of this Contract;

Requisitions

5. The form of requisitions to be served by the Purchaser under clause 5.1 shall be in the form of requisitions attached to this Contract and no other. Requisitions provided for in this clause shall be deemed to have been served by the Purchaser on the date of this Contract.

Release of Deposit

6. The deposit referred to herein shall be released, if required, for the Vendor's use for:
 - 6.1 Payment of rental bond and/or rent, or paid to the Rental Bond Board and shall not be further released without the Purchaser's written consent, or payment to a retirement village, aged care facility, or nursing home or payment of a deposit for the purchase of an alternate property provided that such deposit is placed in the Trust Account of a Licensed Real Estate Agent, Licensed Conveyancer or Solicitor, or released to whom the Vendor's Conveyancer may direct.

- 6.2 The Purchaser agrees and acknowledges that by their entering into the Contract, they authorise the deposit to be used for the purpose of stamp duty on any piece of real estate that the Vendors negotiate to purchase between the date hereof and the date of settlement.

Deposit by Instalments

7. In the event that the Purchaser requests, and the Vendor agrees, the Purchaser shall pay the total 10% deposit as specified on the front page of the Contract in two (2) instalments as follows:

- 7.1 5% upon the date of this Contract.
- 7.2 5% upon the first to occur of:
- (a) Completion of this Contract.
 - (b) The date upon which the Vendor terminates this Contract due to default by the Purchaser.

The Purchaser acknowledges that the deposit payable pursuant to this Contract is equivalent to 10% of the purchase price to secure the Purchaser's obligations pursuant to this Contract.

Notice to Complete

8. If either party is unable or unwilling to complete by the completion date, the other party shall be entitled at any time after the completion date to serve a Notice to Complete and making time of the essence. The parties agree that fourteen (14) days shall be deemed to be a reasonable and sufficient notice for compliance.

Liquidated Damages

9. If the Purchaser shall not complete this purchase by the completion date, without default by the Vendor, the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance purchase money, an amount calculated as ten per cent (10%) interest on the balance of purchase monies, computed at a daily rate which is **inclusive** of the date that completion should have been completed to the **actual** date of completion. It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings.

Survey

10. If a Survey Report is attached to this Contract, the Vendor gives no warranty as to the accuracy, correctness or completeness of the report. The Purchaser shall make and rely on their own independent enquiries relative to Survey.

Error in Adjustments

11. If any adjustment under this Contract is overlooked or incorrectly calculated, then either party upon being requested by the other party in writing must make the correct calculation and pay any such amount outstanding within 14 business days. This clause shall not merge on completion.

Building Certificate

12. The Purchaser acknowledges that:

- (a) The Vendor is not in possession of a Building Certificate and the Purchaser cannot request the Vendor to supply a Building Certificate on or before completion.
- (b) The Vendor is not required to do any work or expend any money on, or in relation to, the property nor to make application for or to do anything towards obtaining a Building Certificate.
- (c) If the Purchaser applies for a Building Certificate it must do so at its own cost.
- (d) If the local Council issues a Building Certificate to the Purchaser but requires work to be carried out, or requires work to be done on the property as a condition of issuing a Building Certificate, the Purchaser must not make any claim against the Vendor or terminate or delay completion of this Contract because of Council's requirement to carry out that work.
- (e) If the local Council refuses or fails to issue the Building Certificate, that refusal or failure will not be a defect in the Vendor's title to the property and the Purchaser must take title despite the Council's refusal or failure.

Fencing

13. Should any fencing be found not to be on its correct boundary, or that any give or take fences exist, or that any boundaries of the property sold are not fenced, the Vendor shall not be liable to make any compensation in respect thereof, or to erect or contribute to the expense of erection of any new fencing on its correct line or otherwise.

Sewer Diagram

14. The Vendor confirms that the Sewer Service Diagram annexed to this Contract is the most up to date diagram as held by the relevant Water Authority. The Purchaser agrees not to make any requisition, objection or claim for compensation, rescind, terminate or delay settlement arising out of the matters referred to in this special condition.

Vendor Disclosure

15. The Vendor discloses that the existing screen enclosure was enclosed with glass and this does not have approval from Council. The Purchaser warrants to the Vendor that the Purchaser would have entered into this Contract and is aware of this disclosure, and the Purchasers agree and acknowledge to take title subject thereto, and shall not rescind, terminate, make objection, raise any requisitions, claim for compensation or delay completion for any reason by virtue of the disclosure made pursuant to this Special Condition.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor:
Purchaser:
Property:
Dated:

Possession and tenancies

1. Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
3.
 - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948*.)
5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW)*:
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property free from all encumbrances.
7. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat or writ must be discharged, withdrawn or cancelled as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage or caveat, an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion.
8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
10. Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey and building

13. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
14. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
15.
 - (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*.
16. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property?
17. If a swimming pool is included in the property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*?

- (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*, please provide details.
- (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
- 18. (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?
- (b) Are there any party walls?
- (c) If the answer to (b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
- (d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
- (e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922*?

Affectations

- 19. Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use other than those disclosed in the Contract?
- 20. Is the vendor aware of:
 - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
 - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
 - (c) any latent defects in the property?
- 21. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the property is affected by the following:
 - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the property?
 - (f) any contamination?
- 22. (a) Does the property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
- (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land?
- (c) Do any service connections for any other property pass through the property?
- 23. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the property or to an easement over any part of the property?

Capacity

- 24. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 25. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 26. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 27. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 28. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 29. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.



LAND
REGISTRY
SERVICES

Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 12/243283

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
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25/7/2019	10:59 AM	6	4/6/2014

LAND

LOT 12 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 243283
AT BLAXLAND
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA BLUE MOUNTAINS
PARISH OF STRATHDON COUNTY OF COOK
TITLE DIAGRAM DP243283

FIRST SCHEDULE

MARY RATHIMALAR JESUTHASAN (T I941145)

SECOND SCHEDULE (1 NOTIFICATION)

1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND
CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)

NOTATIONS

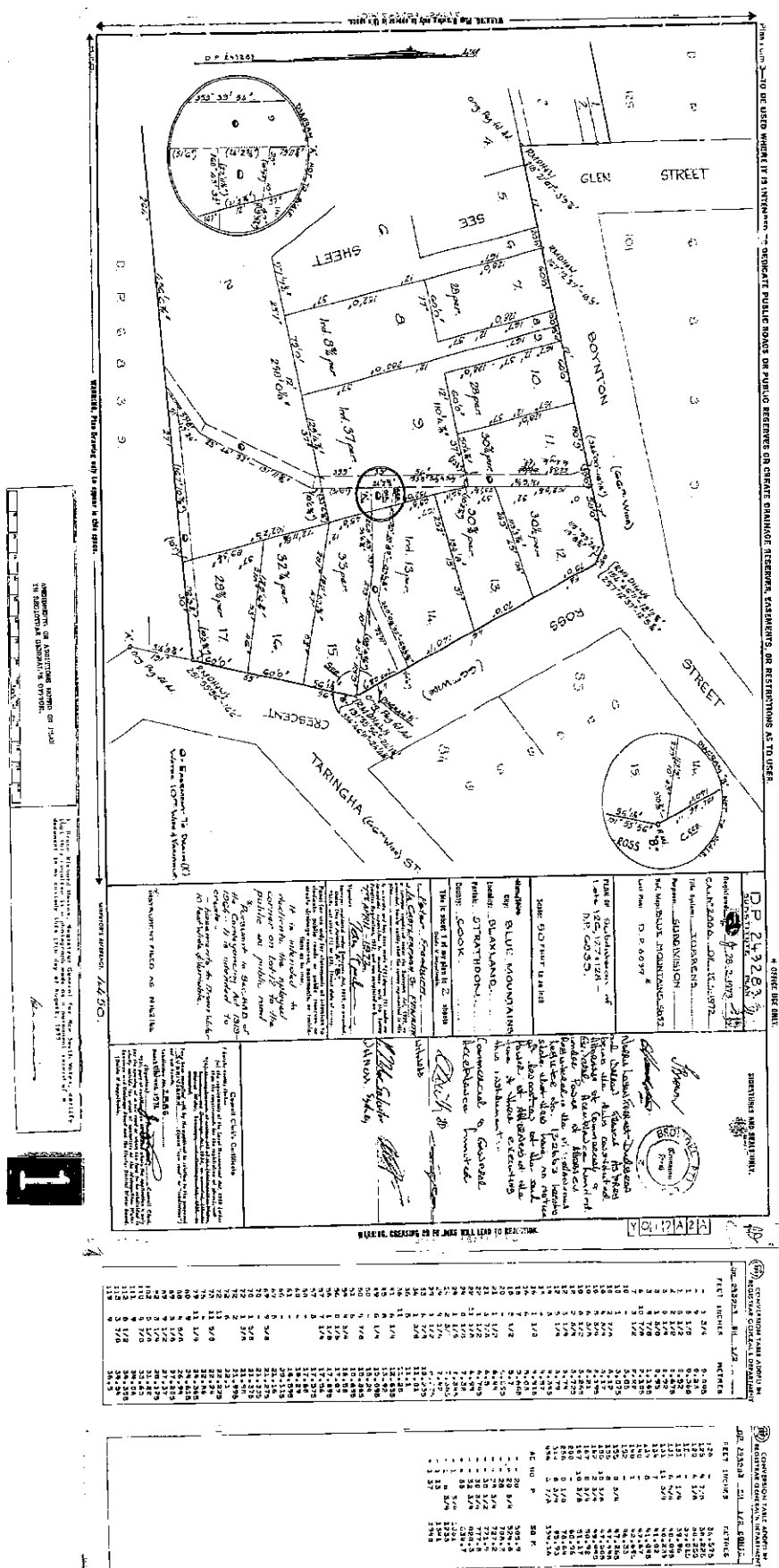
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

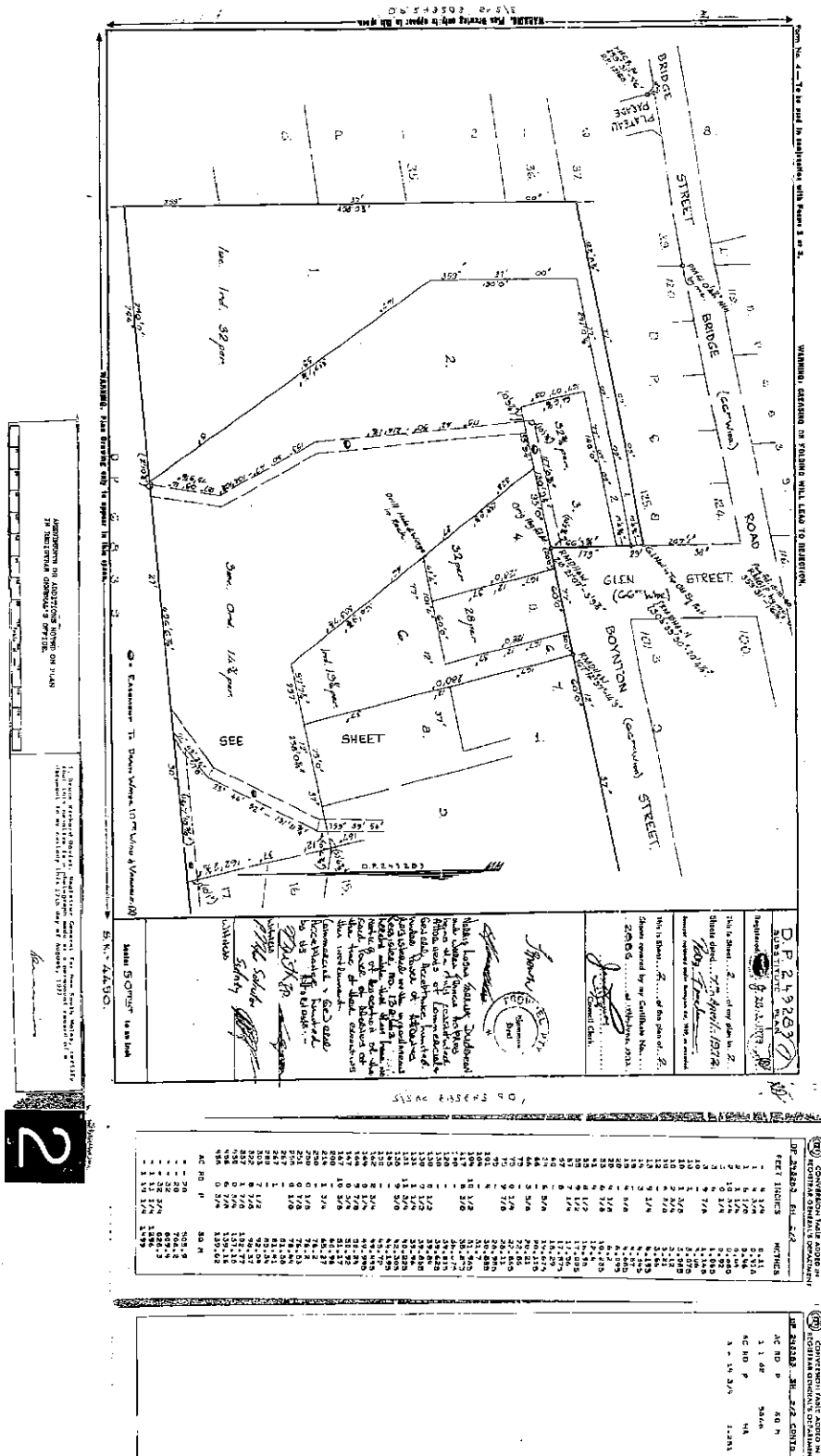
*** END OF SEARCH ***

19226

PRINTED ON 25/7/2019

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.







Certificate No. 19/85241

InfoTrack Pty Ltd
GPO Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2001

(02) 4780 5000

PLANNING CERTIFICATE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 10.7

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979, AS AMENDED

Your Ref: 19226:7159

LAND DESCRIPTION: L 12 DP 243283
100 Ross Crescent, BLAXLAND NSW 2774

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7 (2) OF THE ACT

1. Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

- (1) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

**Blue Mountains Local Environmental Plan LEP 2015 Published 21/12/15
(Commenced 15/2/16).**

**Blue Mountains Local Environmental Plan 2015 – Amendment 4
Published 3/11/17**

**State Environmental Planning Policy No. 1: Development Standards.
Gazetted 17/10/80**

**State Environmental Planning Policy No. 21: Caravan Parks. Gazetted
24/4/92**

**State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33: Hazardous And Offensive
Development. Gazetted 13/3/92**

**State Environmental Planning Policy No. 36: Manufactured Home
Estates. Gazetted 16/7/93**

**State Environmental Planning Policy No. 44: Koala Habitat Protection.
Gazetted 6/1/95**

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 50 - Canal Estate Development. Gazetted 10/11/97

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land. Gazetted 28/8/98

State Environmental Planning Policy No 64 – Advertising and Signage. Gazetted 16/3/01

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65: Design Quality of Residential Flat Development. Gazetted 26/7/02

State Environmental Planning Policy No 70 – Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes). Gazetted 31/5/02

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004. Gazetted 31/3/04

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004. Gazetted 25/6/04

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005. Gazetted 25/5/05

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007. Gazetted 16/2/07

State Environmental Planning Policy (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007. Gazetted 28/9/07

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007. Gazetted 21/12/07

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. Gazetted 12/12/08

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No. 20: Hawkesbury-Nepean River (No. 2 – 1997). Gazetted 7/11/97

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009. Published on NSW Legislation Website 31/07/09

State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Drinking Water Catchment) 2011. Published on NSW Legislation Website 21/01/11 commenced 1/03/11

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011. Published on NSW Legislation Website 28/9/11 commenced on 1/10/11

State Environmental Planning Policy (Integration and Repeals) 2016. Published on NSW Legislation Website 10/6/16 commenced on 5/8/16 (CI 6(1) commenced 6/8/16)

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017. Published on NSW Legislation Website 25/08/17.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017. Published on NSW Legislation Website 1/09/17

State Environmental Planning Policy (Concurrences) 2018. Published on NSW Legislation Website 21/12/18, commenced on 28/2/19

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019. Published on NSW Legislation Website 28/2/19

- (2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).

Draft Blue Mountains Local Environmental Plan LEP 2015 – Amendment 11 (Exhibited 5/12/18 to 19/12/18)

Amendments to various State Environmental Planning Policy's' and Local Environmental Plans to give effect to the new addition of Planning for Bush Fire Protection (Exhibited 14/1/19 to 1/2/19)

Housekeeping Amendments to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (Exhibited 20/6/18 to 18/7/18).

Proposed Remediation of Land State Environmental Planning Policy (the new SEPP) (Exhibited 25/1/18 to 13/4/18).

State Environmental Planning Policy (SEPP) Review Program – Repeal of Two Operational SEPPs (Exhibited 27/10/17 to 22/12/17).

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Environment) 2017 (Exhibited 31/10/17 to 31/1/18).

Review of State Environmental Planning Policy 44 (Koala Habitat Protection) (Exhibited 18/11/16 to 3/3/17).

- (3) The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Blue Mountains Development Control Plan 2015.

Note: Blue Mountains Development Control Plan 2015 can be viewed on Councils Website with the following link:

<https://www.bmcc.nsw.gov.au/development/planning-rules/development-controls-for-land-zoned-under-LEP-2015/DCP-2015>

- (4) In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

- (a) the identity of the zone, whether by reference to a name (such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area") or by reference to a number (such as "Zone No 2(a)");
- (i) the following local environmental plan and zone apply:

LEP 2015

E4 - Environmental Living

- (ii) the following local environmental plan and general provision apply:

LEP 2015

- **Protected Area - Slope Constraint Area (Clause 6.4)**
- **Maximum Height of Buildings 8 metres (Clause 4.3)**
- **Minimum Subdivision Lot Size – 1200m² (Clause 4.1)**
- **Cluster Housing – Area G: 8/ha (Clause 4.1F)**

- (iii) the following draft local environment plan and proposed zone/general provisions apply:

N/A

Note:

The Local Environmental Plans for the above zones and provisions can be viewed on Council's Website in the following link:

<https://www.bmcc.nsw.gov.au/planning-rules/development-controls-for-land-zoned-under-lep-2015>

Provisions relating to environmentally sensitive land, ecological buffer area, riparian land and watercourses refer to both mapped and unmapped environmental attributes. Should these provisions not be identified in this certificate they may nonetheless be applicable following site analysis and development assessment.

Should the property identified in this certificate be subject to one or more zones and or provisions under the relevant Local Environmental Plan, you should initially ascertain the location and extent of the relevant zone and or provisions either by visiting Council's website or by viewing the relevant zoning maps at Council's Business & Information Centres at Katoomba or Springwood.

Confirmation of the location or extent of the relevant zone/provision can be provided by Council through the purchase of a certified copy of the relevant map under Section 10.8 (2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, the fee for which is prescribed under Clause 262 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

- (b) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent:

Environmental protection works; Home businesses; Home occupations

- (c) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent:

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Bee keeping; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Dwelling houses; Eco-tourist facilities; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Flood mitigation works; Home-based child care; Oyster aquaculture; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Tank-based aquaculture; Water storage facilities

- (d) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone:

Industries; Service stations; Warehouse or distribution centres; Any other development not specified in subclauses (b) and (c) above.

- (e) whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed:

The land is not affected by provisions prescribing minimum dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house.

- (f) whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat:

The land does not include or comprise critical habitat.

- (g) whether the land is in a conservation area (however described):

The land has not been identified as being within a heritage conservation area and/or Period Housing Area.

- (h) whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land:

An item of environmental heritage is not situated on the land.

2A Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- (a) Part 3 of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006* (**the 2006 SEPP**), or

N/A

- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or

N/A

- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

N/A

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)–(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to “the instrument” in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

3. Complying Development

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
- (2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1)(c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.

Housing Code

Complying development under this Code may not be carried out on the land, as the land is not in a land use zone permitted for this Code. (See cl 1.6 of the Codes).

Rural Housing Code

Complying development under this Code may not be carried out on the land, as the land is not in a land use zone permitted for this Code. (See cl 1.6 of the Codes).

Housing Alterations Code

Subdivision 1 – Internal alterations

Subdivision 2 – External alterations to dwelling houses

Subdivision 2A – External alterations to residential accommodation other than dwelling houses

Subdivision 3 – Attic Conversions

Complying development under this Code may be carried out on the land.

General Development Code

Subdivision 1 – Bed and breakfast accommodation

Subdivision 2 – Home businesses

Complying development under this Code may be carried out on the land.

Subdivision 3 – Tents, marquees or booths for community events

Subdivision 4 – Stages or platforms for community events

Subdivision 6 – Waterways structures

Complying development under this Code may not be carried out on the land as the land use for this purpose is not permissible in the land use zone applied to the land. (see cl 1.6 of the Codes SEPP)

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Subdivision 1 – Building alterations (internal)

Subdivision 2 – Change of use of premises

Subdivision 3 – First use of premises

Subdivision 4 – Mechanical ventilation systems

Subdivision 5 – Shop fronts and awnings

Subdivision 6 – Skylights and roof windows

Subdivision 9 – Development ancillary to the use of land

Subdivision 10 – Earthworks, retaining walls and structural support

Subdivision 11 – Driveways, hard stand spaces, pathways and paving

Subdivision 12 – Fences

Complying development under this Code may be carried out on the land.

Subdivision 7 – Projecting wall signs

Subdivision 8 – Freestanding pylon and directory board signs

Complying development under this Code may not be carried out on the land as the land use for this purpose is not permissible in the land use zone applied to the land. (see cl 1.6 of the Codes SEPP)

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development under this Code may not be carried out on the land, as the land is not in a land use zone permitted for this Code. (See cl 1.6 of the Codes).

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Complying development under this Code may not be carried out on the land, as the land is not in a land use zone permitted for this Code. (See cl 1.6 of the Codes).

Subdivision Code

Complying development under this Code may be carried out on the land.

Demolition Code

Complying development under this Code may be carried out on the land.

Fire Safety Code

Complying development under this Code may be carried out on the land.

NOTE: The Blue Mountains Local Government Area is deferred from the application of the Low Rise Medium Density Housing Code for a period of approximately 12 months and therefore is not included in the suite of complying development codes above.

NOTE: The Blue Mountains Local Government Area is not land to which the Greenfield Housing Code and Inland Code applies and therefore is not included in the suite of complying development codes above.

NOTE: The above responses apply only to the land exemptions for complying development set out in clauses 1.17A(1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (Codes SEPP). Additional to the above, further requirements may have to be met to determine whether complying development may or may not apply for each of the codes, to ascertain whether other conditions apply, more information is available at www.planning.nsw.gov.au/housingcode and the Code SEPP can be viewed and downloaded from the NSW Legislation website: <http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/maintop/view/inforce/epi+572+2008+cd+0+N>

4.-4A. (Repealed)

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Note. “Existing coastal protection works” are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the *Local Government Act 1993*.

There are no annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act) consent in writing by the owner or previous owners.

5. Mine Subsidence

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*:

The land has not been proclaimed to be a Mine Subsidence District within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

6. Road Widening and Road Realignment

Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

- a) Division 2 of part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*: **No.**
 - Local Road Widening width:
 - State Road Widening width:
- b) any environmental planning instrument: **No.**
 - Local Road Widening width:
 - State and other Road Widening width:
- c) any resolution of the council: **No.**
 - Local Road Widening width:

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

- (a) adopted by the council, or (b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by council,

that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:

- (i) land slip **NO**

- | | |
|-------------------------|----|
| (ii) bushfire | NO |
| (iii) tidal inundation | NO |
| (iv) subsidence | NO |
| (v) acid sulphate soils | NO |
- or any other risk (other than flooding)
- | | |
|---|------|
| (vi) unhealthy building land | NO |
| (vii) contaminated and
potentially contaminated Land | YES* |

* 'Council has adopted by resolution a policy on contaminated land and potentially contaminated land, which may restrict the development of the land. This policy is implemented when zoning or land use changes are proposed on lands that have previously been used for certain purposes. Consideration of Council's adopted policy and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is warranted.'
(Note: This is a statement of Council's policy only and is not a statement of whether or not the land is contaminated or potentially contaminated. Additional information may be available from Council by obtaining a Section 10.7 (5) Planning Certificate.)

7A. Flood related development controls information

- (1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

The Council's adopted Flood Risk Management Study and Plan for the catchment in which the land is located indicates that the land is above the Council's Flood Planning Level (FPL), being the level of the 1:100 year flood plus 500mm freeboard, for development for the purposes specified. As a result, the Council's flood related development controls will not apply to such development.

Note: The answers to questions 7A(1) and 7A(2) are based on the Flood Risk Management Study and Plan that the Council has adopted for the catchment in which the land is located. The answers given to questions 7A(1) and 7A(2) are based on that Study and Plan, which may be inspected at the Council's Katoomba offices.

The fact that the land is above the Council's Flood Planning Level does not mean that the land will not flood in rare flood events.

The Flood Liable Land Policy provides information concerning the preparation of flood risk management studies and plans within the City, and the Council's flood related development controls. The Flood Liable Land Policy can be viewed in the download area on Council's Website with the following link:

- (2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

The Council's adopted Flood Risk Management Study and Plan for the catchment in which the land is located indicates that the land is above the Council's Flood Planning Level (FPL), being the level of the 1:100 year flood plus 500mm freeboard, for development for the purposes specified. As a result, the Council's flood related development controls will not apply to such development.

Note: The answers to questions 7A(1) and 7A(2) are based on the Flood Risk Management Study and Plan that the Council has adopted for the catchment in which the land is located. The answers given to questions 7A(1) and 7A(2) are based on that Study and Plan, which may be inspected at the Council's Katoomba offices.

The fact that the land is above the Council's Flood Planning Level does not mean that the land will not flood in rare flood events.

The Flood Liable Land Policy provides information concerning the preparation of flood risk management studies and plans within the City, and the Council's flood related development controls. The Flood Liable Land Policy can be viewed in the download area on Council's Website with the following link:
<https://www.bmcc.nsw.gov.au/documents/policies>

- (3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the Standard Instrument.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

No environmental planning instrument, deemed environmental planning instrument or draft environmental planning instrument applying to the land provides for the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in Section 3.15 of the Act.

9. Contributions plans

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land.

Blue Mountains Citywide Infrastructure Contributions Plan.

9A. Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect.

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

This land is not biodiversity certified land within the meaning of Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

10. Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

This land is not a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

NOTE: For further information contact the BioBanking Team at the Office of Environment and Heritage on:

Address: PO Box A290, Sydney South NSW 1232

Telephone: 131 555

Fax: (02) 9995 6795

Email: biobanking@environment.nsw.gov.au

Website: www.environment.nsw.gov.au/biobanking

Copies of all Biobanking agreements are available on the BioBanking Public Register accessible via the BioBanking website listed above.

10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

This land does not contain a set aside area under section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013*

11. Bush fire prone land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land (as defined in the Act), a statement that all or, as the case may be, some of the land is bush fire prone land. If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

The land is wholly bush fire prone land.

Note: The Council has determined whether the land is bush fire prone land on the basis of the map certified by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service on 20 May 2009 for the purpose of s.146(2) of *Environmental Planning &*

Assessment Act 1979. The map used for this determination was received by Council from the NSW Rural Fire Service on 15 June 2009.

12. Property vegetation plans

If the land is land to which a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* (and that continues in force) applies, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act).

There is not a property vegetation plan applying to this land.

13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

There are no Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 applying to this land.

14. Directions under Part 3A

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

There is no direction by the Minister currently in force pursuant to Section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act applying to this land.

15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

If the land is land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 applies:

- (a) a statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
 - (i) the period for which the certificate is current, and
 - (ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department, and

There are no current site compatibility certificates (seniors housing) of which the council is aware, relating to this land issued under the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004.

- (b) a statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land.

There are no conditions relating to this land referred to by clause 18(2) of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004.

16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure or schools or TAFE establishments

A statement of whether there is a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments) of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (a) the period for which the certificate is valid, and
- (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

There are no valid site compatibility certificates (infrastructure) or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments) of which the council is aware, relating to this land.

17. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

- (1) A statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
 - (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
 - (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

There are no current site compatibility certificates (affordable rental housing) of which the council is aware, relating to this land.

- (2) A statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of the *State Environmental Planning policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009* that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

There are no conditions relating to this land referred to by clause 17(1) or 38(1) of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

18 Paper subdivision information

- (1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

There are no development plans applying to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

- (2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

There are no subdivision orders applying to the land.

- (3) Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

19 Site verification certificates

A statement of whether there is a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (a) the matter certified by the certificate, and

There is not a current site verification certificate of which the council is aware in respect of the land.

Note. A site verification certificate sets out the Secretary's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land—see Division 3 of Part 4AA of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007*.

- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and

N/A

- (c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

20 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building Act 1989) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division, a statement to that effect.

As at the date that this Planning Certificate was issued, the property has not been identified on the Loose-fill Asbestos Insulation Register or has not been notified to Council by the NSW Fair Trading that a residential dwelling erected on this land as having been identified of containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

21 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) A statement of whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

There are no affected building notices in force of which the council is aware in respect of the land.

- (2) A statement of:

- (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and

There is no building product rectification order in force of which the council is aware in respect of the land that has not been fully complied with.

- (b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

There is not any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware that has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

- (3) In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*.

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act—if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

N/A

- (b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

N/A

- (c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act—if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

N/A

- (d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

N/A

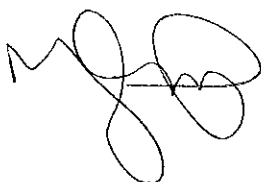
- (e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act—if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

N/A

Information is provided only to the extent that Council has been notified by relevant public authorities at the time of issue.

ROSEMARY DILLON,
Chief Executive Officer

Per:



Date 26/7/19

SEWERAGE SERVICE DIAGRAM

MUNICIPALITY OF

Blue Mtns.

Copy of Diagram No.

958775
94632

SUBURB OF

*Blaxland***SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

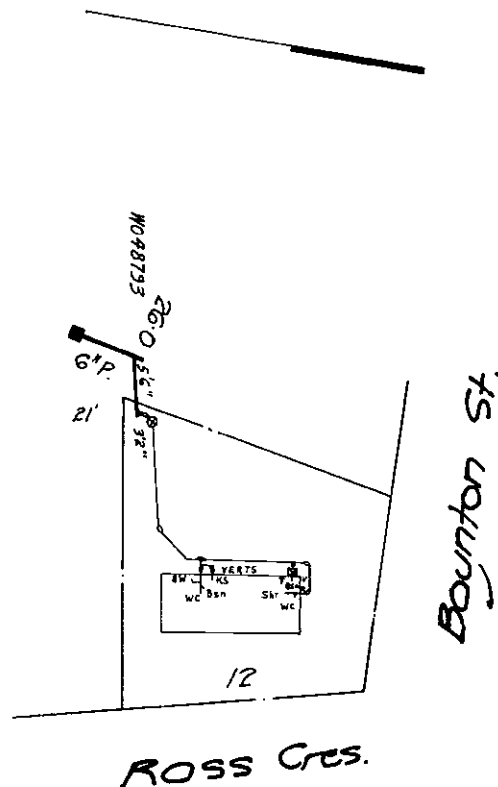
■	Manhole	☒	Gully	O WS	Waste Stack	BSN	Handbasin
□	Chr. Chamber	☒	P Trap	IP	Induct Pipe	SHR	Shower
●	L.H. Lamphole	■	RV	MF	Mica Flap	Jn.	Junction
⊗	Boundary Trap	↪	Cleaning Eye	T	Tubs	DW.	Dishwasher
⊕	Inspection Shaft	O Vert	Vertical Pipe	KS	Kitchen Sink	FW	Floor Waste
■	Pit	O VP	Vent Pipe	WC	Water Closet	WM	Washing Machine
≡	Grease Interceptor	O SVP	Soil Vent Pipe	BW	Bath Waste	BS	Bar Sink

SEWER AVAILABLE

Where the sewer is not available and a special inspection is involved the Board accepts no responsibility for the suitability of the drainage in relation to the eventual position of the Board's sewer.

NOTE: This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Board's records (By-law 8, Clause 3).

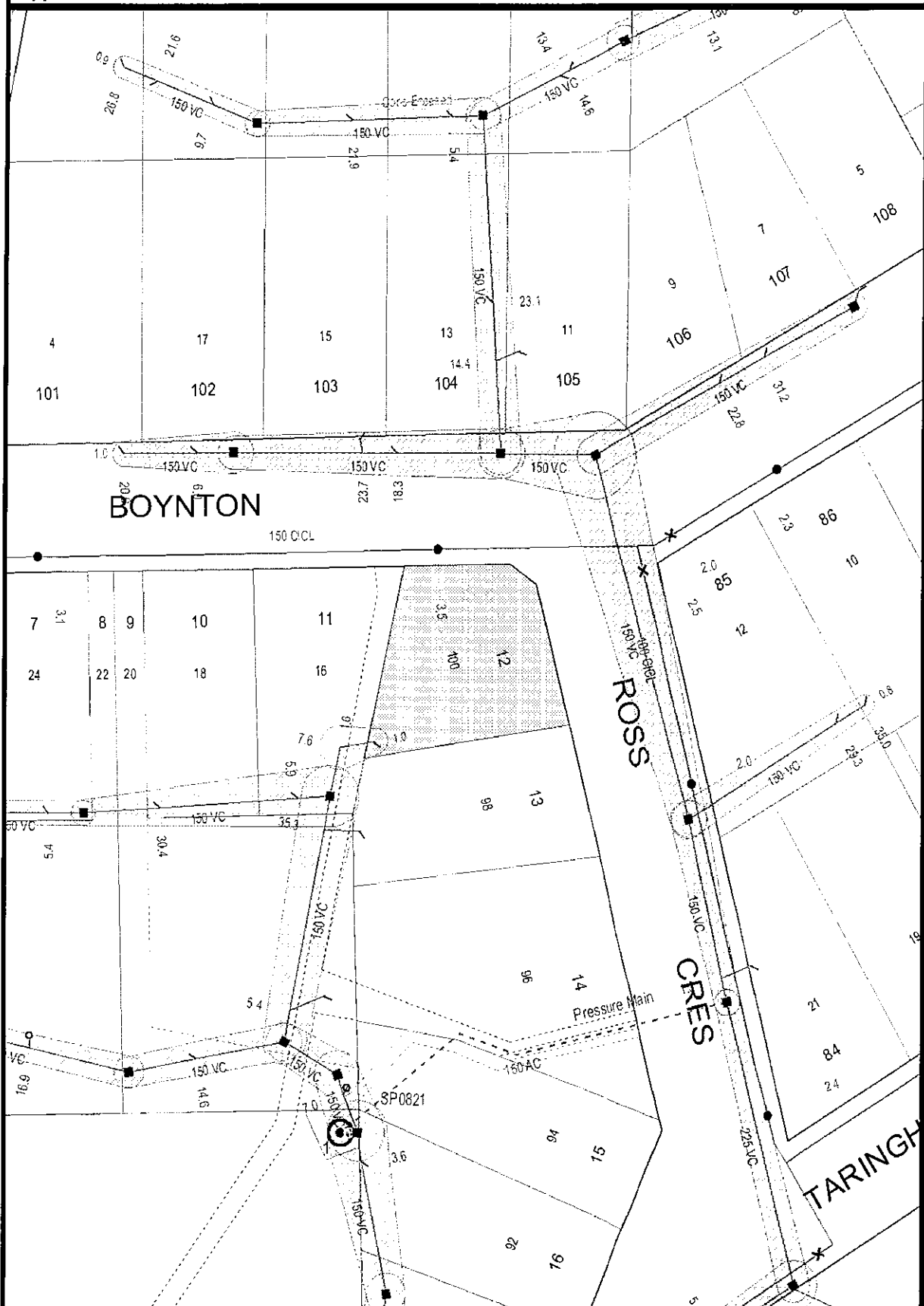
The existence and position of Board's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at Board's Head Office or in the case of South Coast District at Board's Wollongong Office (Section 33 of Board's Act). Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage service shown hereon are approximate only.



WO. 48793 GAZ. 22-1-82

DRAINAGE		Scale: Approx. 50 feet to 1 inch	PLUMBING	
Supervised by	Inspector		Date of Issue	Inspector
Field Diagram Examined by	Chief Inspector	Outfall	for House Services Engineer	
Tracing Checked by		Plumber		
		Boundary Trap		
		is/is not required		

NOTE: This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximate only.



NOTE: This diagram only indicates availability of a sewer and any sewerage service shown as existing in Sydney Water's records. The existence and position of Sydney Water's sewers, stormwater channels, pipes, mains and structures should be ascertained by inspection of maps available at any of Sydney Water's Customer Centres. Position of structures, boundaries, sewers and sewerage services shown hereon are approximately only.